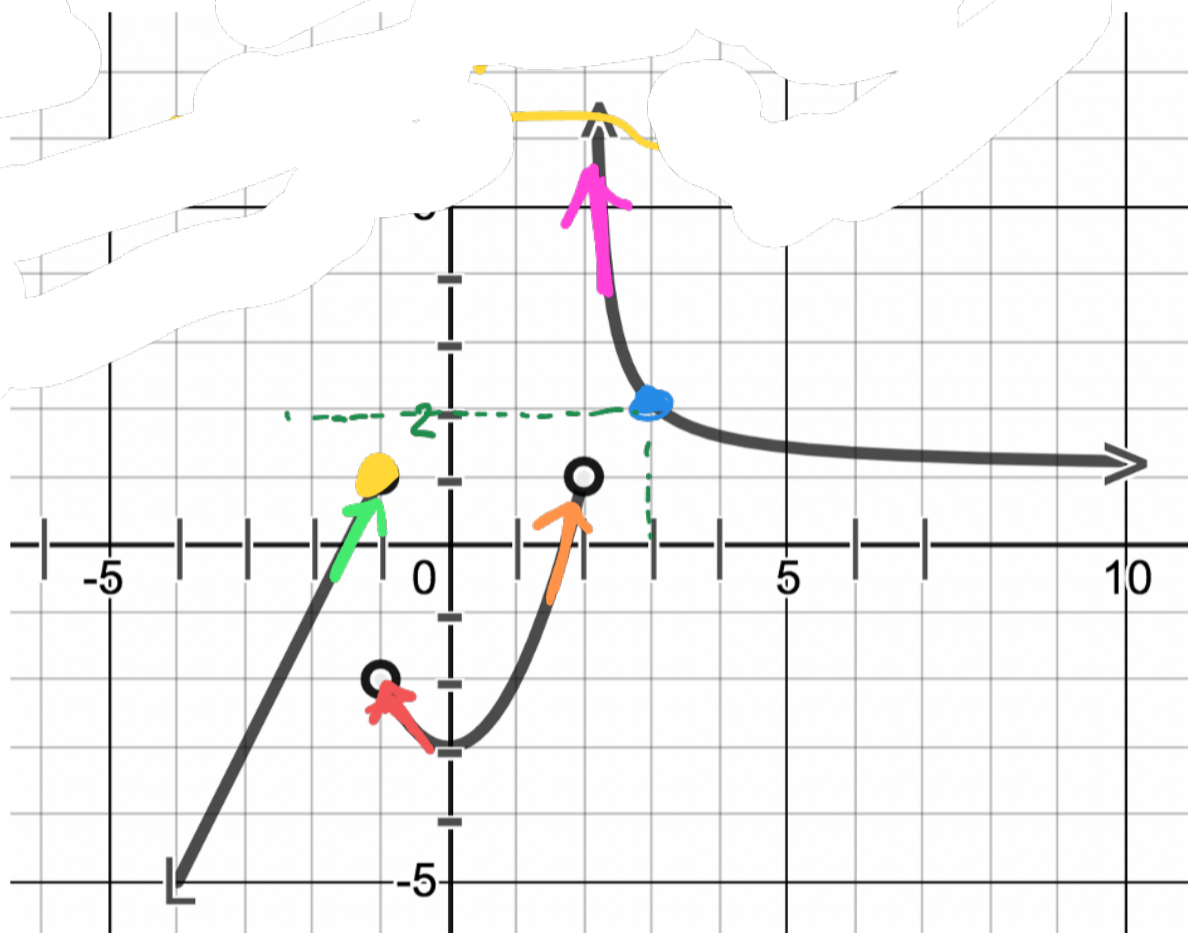


Math 5A Quiz 1.5 and 1.7

Show all work neatly with clear presentations.

(1) Given the graph of $f(x)$ below, find the following. (4 points)



(a) $\lim_{x \rightarrow 3} f(x) = 2$

(b) $\lim_{x \rightarrow -1^+} f(x) = -2$

(c) $\lim_{x \rightarrow -1^-} f(x) = 1$

(d) $\lim_{x \rightarrow -1} f(x) = \text{DNE}$

(e) $\lim_{x \rightarrow 2^+} f(x) = \infty$

(f) $\lim_{x \rightarrow 2^-} f(x) = 1$

(g) $f(-1) = 1$

(h) find c so that $f(c) = 2$ 3

(two one sided limits do not agree)

Find x value corresponding to a y value of 3

2) Using your calculator or computer, create 2 tables (one from the left of 9, the other from the right) similar to the one below, to estimate $\lim_{x \rightarrow 9} \frac{x-9}{3-\sqrt{x}}$ (4 points)

(You may use the computer, but cut and paste a screen shot showing your numbers.

$x \rightarrow 9^-$

$x \rightarrow 9^+$

x_1	$f(x)$
8.5	
8.9	
8.999	
8.99999	
...	

find

x_1	$f(x_1)$
9.5	
9.1	
9.001	
9.0001	

show these values

Use your tables to estimate Limit -6

3) Find the following infinite limits (without using a table of values) Show work.

a) $\lim_{x \rightarrow 3^+} \frac{x+9}{3-x} = -\infty$

b) $\lim_{x \rightarrow 2} \frac{5}{x^2 - 4x + 4} = \infty$

(4 points)

Be careful with notation here. The notation $\frac{12}{0}$ is not a real #

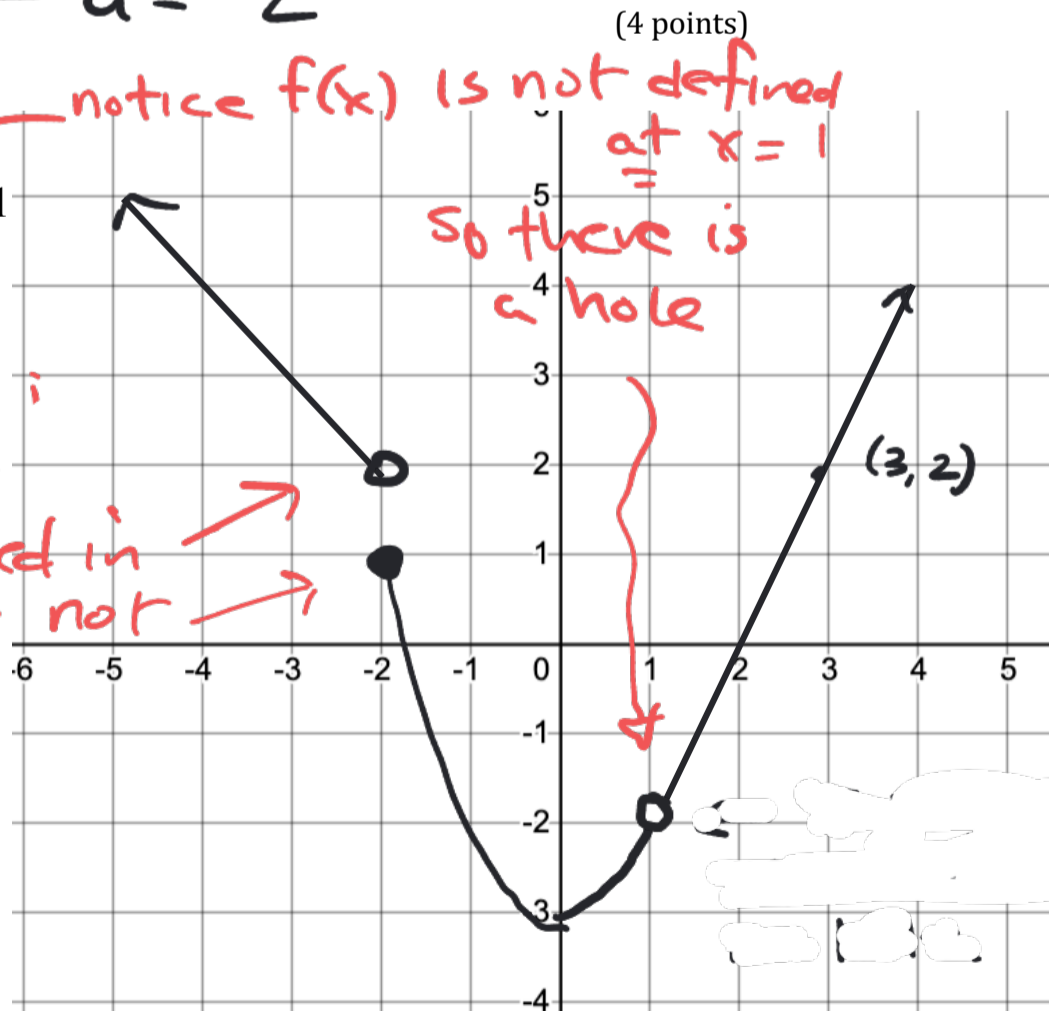
12/0 signs: $\frac{+}{-}$

5/0 $\frac{+}{+}$

4) Sketch the graph of the function and use it to determine all values of a for which $\lim_{x \rightarrow a} f(x)$ does not exist. $\leftarrow a = -2$ (4 points)

$$f(x) = \begin{cases} 2x-4 & \text{if } x > 1 \\ x^2-3 & \text{if } -2 \leq x < 1 \\ |x| & \text{if } x < -2 \end{cases}$$

Make sure which points are filled in or not



See example in 6.7 video

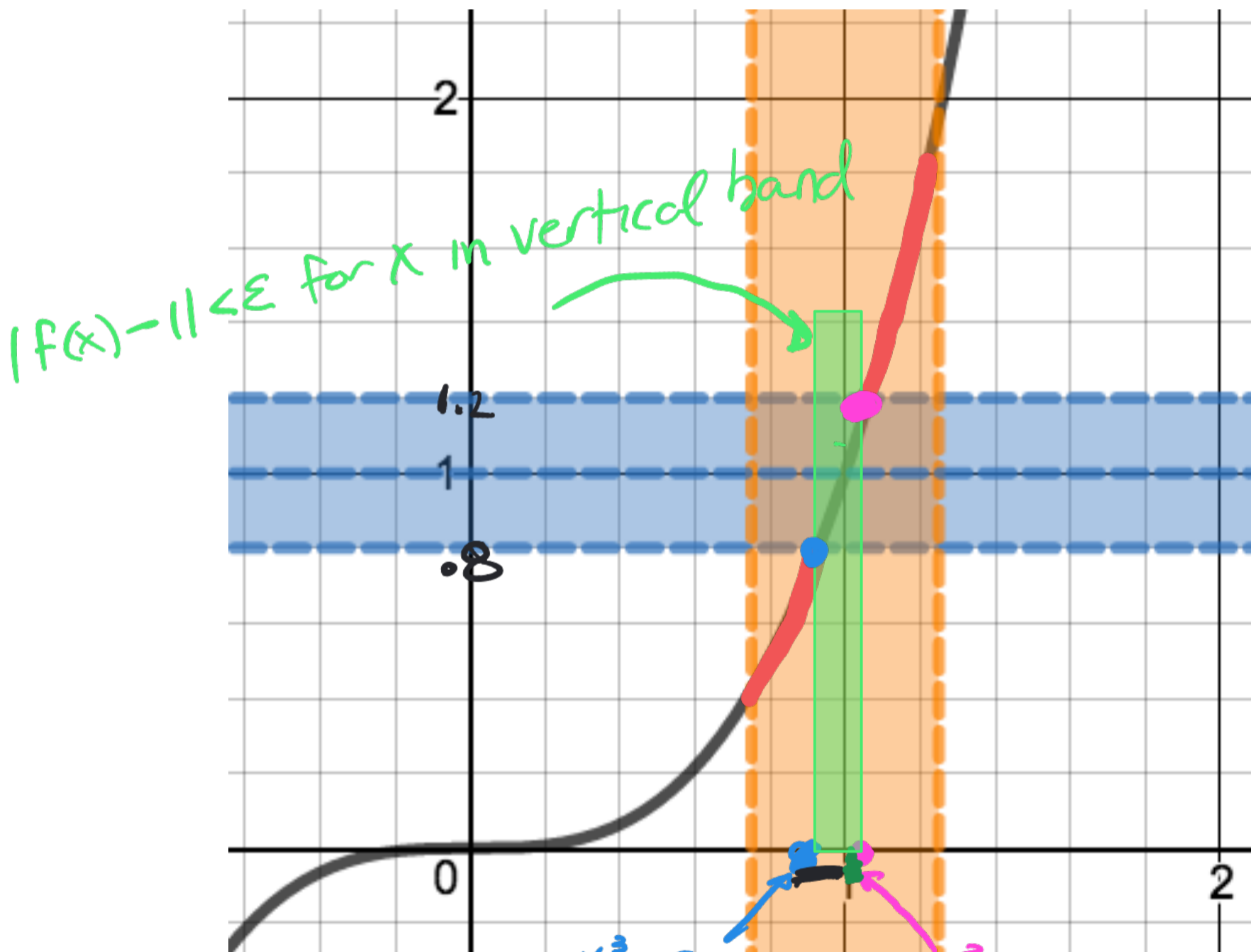
(5) Suppose you were trying to prove that $\lim_{x \rightarrow 1} x^3 = 1$

(4 points)

The graph below depicts $f(x) = x^3$ with $\epsilon = 0.2$ and $\delta = 0.2$ (where ϵ and δ are as described in the definition of limit). (Note: you should be able to recreate such a graph by hand if given $f(x), a, \epsilon, \delta$ on the exam)

Does this value of δ satisfy the definition for the given ϵ ? **NO** (see red on graph)

If not, compute a value of δ that would work. Show thought process.



$$x^3 = 0.8$$

$$x_1 = \sqrt[3]{0.8}$$

$$x^3 = 1.2$$

$$x_2 = \sqrt[3]{1.2}$$

So δ is the smallest

$$\delta_1 = 1 - \sqrt[3]{0.8}$$

$$\delta_2 = \sqrt[3]{1.2} - 1$$

$$\delta = \min\{1 - \sqrt[3]{0.8}, \sqrt[3]{1.2} - 1\}$$

$\delta = 0.06$ works